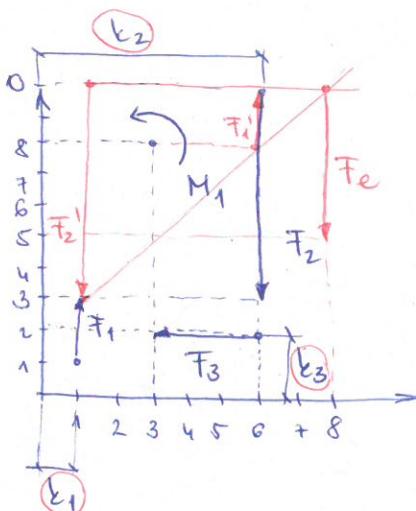


# STATIKA - 6. gyakorlat

## Műnta 7A

(1)



$$F_1 = 4 \text{ kN}$$

$$F_2 = 14 \text{ kN}$$

$$F_3 = 6 \text{ kN}$$

$$M_1 = 18 \text{ kNm}$$

a)  $F_1$  és  $F_2$  erők eredőjének hatására melyik szerkezetes állapot?

albrasú pirossal:  $F_1'$ ,  $F_2'$ , összehajtás, metráspontról, hatalmasan

$$(F_e = 4 - 14 = -10 \text{ kN})$$

b) Teljes erőrendszerek redukciója az origomba?

$$[\underline{F}; \underline{M}_0]_0$$

$$\underline{F}_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 4 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \text{ kN} \quad \underline{F}_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ -14 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \text{ kN} \quad \underline{F}_3 = \begin{bmatrix} -6 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \text{ kN} \rightarrow \underline{F} = \underline{F}_1 + \underline{F}_2 + \underline{F}_3 = \begin{bmatrix} -6 \\ -10 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \text{ kN}$$

$\underline{M}_{0,F}$  erőkből

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \\ F_1 \cdot k_1 + F_3 \cdot k_3 - F_2 \cdot k_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \\ 4 \cdot 1 + 6 \cdot 2 - 14 \cdot 6 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ -68 \end{bmatrix} \text{ kNm}$$

$$\underline{M}_0 = \underline{M}_1 + \underline{M}_{0,F} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 18 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ -68 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ -50 \end{bmatrix} \text{ kNm}$$

c) Egyenosság?

$$\underline{F}^* = -\underline{F} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 10 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \text{ kN}$$

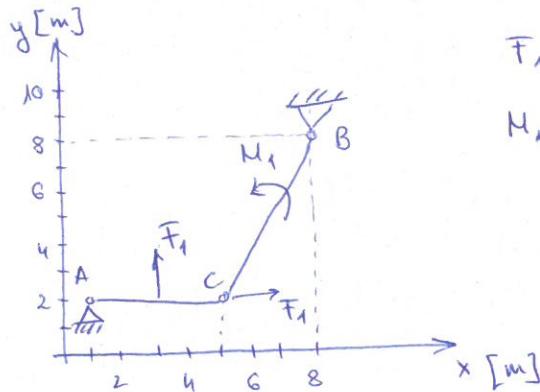
$$\underline{M}_0^* = -\underline{M}_0 = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 50 \end{bmatrix} \text{ kNm}$$

d) Teljes erőrendszert helyettesítő egységek erő hatalmasainak metráspontról x tengellyel? (EA2).

$$M_0 = F_y \cdot x_F \rightarrow x_F = \frac{M_0}{F_y} = \frac{-50}{-10} = 5 \text{ m}$$

(1)

2.



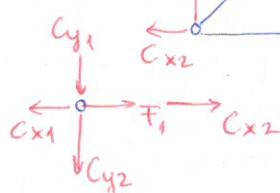
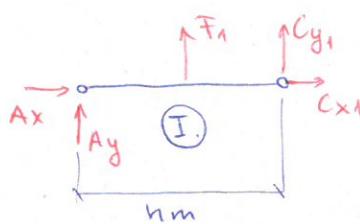
$$F_1 = 20 \text{ kN}$$

$$M_1 = 12 \text{ kNm}$$

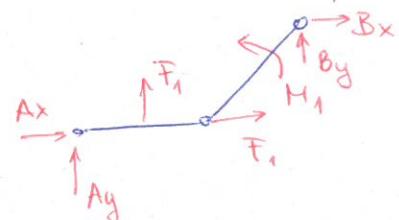
a) Reaktionskräfte?  $F_A$ ;  $F_B$ ?

SETA

(külön kontra)



(egysben)

Egyenletek: 4 rész, mely 4 csinálható van ( $A_x, A_y, B_x, B_y$ )

$$\text{Egyben: } \sum F_x = 0$$

$$\textcircled{1} \quad A_x + F_1 + B_x = 0 \rightarrow A_x = -F_1 - B_x = -20 - (-3) = \underline{\underline{-17 \text{ kN}}}$$

$$\sum F_y = 0$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad A_y + F_1 + B_y = 0 \rightarrow B_y = -F_1 - A_y = -20 - (-10) = \underline{\underline{-10 \text{ kN}}}$$

$$\text{Külön: } \textcircled{1} \quad \sum M_{z(C)} = 0$$

$$\textcircled{1} \quad -A_y \cdot 4 - F_1 \cdot 2 = 0 \rightarrow A_y = -F_1 \cdot \frac{2}{4} = \underline{\underline{-10 \text{ kN}}}$$

$$\textcircled{1} \quad \sum M_{z(C)} = 0$$

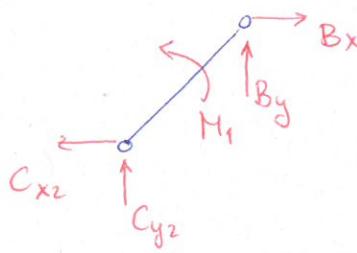
$$\textcircled{5} \quad H_1 + B_y \cdot 3 - B_x \cdot 6 = 0 \rightarrow B_x = \frac{H_1 + B_y \cdot 3}{6} = \frac{12 + (-10) \cdot 3}{6} = \underline{\underline{-3 \text{ kN}}}$$

$$\underline{\underline{F_A}} = \begin{bmatrix} A_x \\ A_y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -17 \\ -10 \end{bmatrix} \text{ kN}$$

$$\underline{\underline{F_B}} = \begin{bmatrix} B_x \\ B_y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -3 \\ -10 \end{bmatrix} \text{ kN}$$

b) CB részről a C csatlakozási pontba erős?

SETA'



$$\underline{\underline{N_{CB}}} = \begin{bmatrix} -C_{x2} \\ C_{y2} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\sum F_x = 0$$

$$B_x - C_{x2} = 0$$

$$C_{x2} = B_x = -3 \text{ kN}$$

$$\sum F_y = 0$$

$$By + C_{y2} = 0$$

$$C_{y2} = -By = 10 \text{ kN}$$

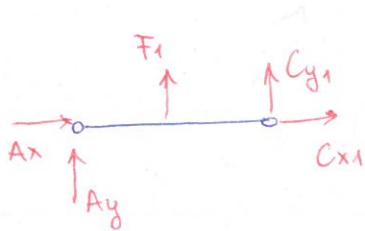
$$\underline{\underline{N_{CB}}} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 10 \end{bmatrix} \text{ kN} \rightarrow \underline{\underline{N_B}} = \begin{bmatrix} -3 \\ -10 \end{bmatrix} \text{ kN}$$

(egyenértékű van)

(csatlakozási pont)

(2)

c) AC mdrde a C contra atadida NAC exvertat?



$$N_{AC} = \begin{bmatrix} C_{x_1} \\ C_{y_1} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\sum F_x = 0 \quad Ax + Cx_1 = 0 \rightarrow Cx_1 = -Ax = 174N$$

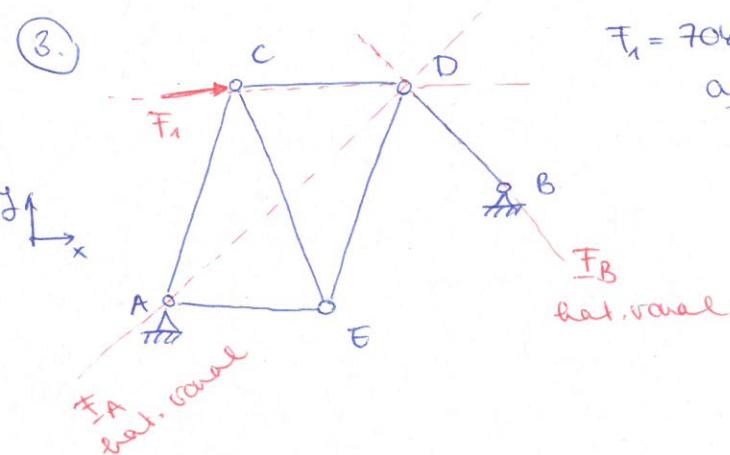
(egenskbygge  
vain)

$$\sum \bar{F}_y = 0 \quad Ay + F_1 + Cy_1 = 0 \rightarrow Cy_1 = -Ay - F_1 = -10^2 \text{ kN}$$

Ezmer a -1-sterese fell, mert ezer az edde a mitra hatalmát.

A envelha a -l- seresul hal.

$$N_{AC} = \begin{bmatrix} -17 \\ 10 \end{bmatrix} e^{j\omega t}$$

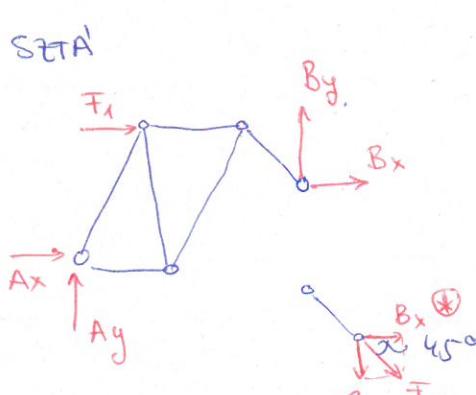


$$F_1 = 70 \text{ kN}$$

a)  $F_A$  hat svarana?

3-erd eppen shlyá! FB is aligor  
midiralug, next could be vanuvar  
a DB and belgein es nines  
rajta erd / myonatik.

b)  $F_A$  es  $F_B$  erster?



$$-B_y = B_x$$

$$\sum F_x = 0 \quad Ax + F_1 + Bx = 0$$

$$\sum F_y = 0 \quad A_y + B_y = 0$$

$$\sum M_{z(p)} = 0 \quad -Fy \cdot 6 + Ax \cdot 8 = 0$$

$F_B$ -ver vires myomatika D-ke, eis  $F_1$ -ver se.

$$A_x \cdot 8 = A_y \cdot 6$$

$$Ax = Ay \cdot \frac{3}{4}$$

$$By = -Ay$$

$$Ay \cdot \frac{3}{4} + F_1 + Ay = 0 \rightarrow Ay \underbrace{\left( \frac{3}{4} + 1 \right)}_{\frac{7}{4}} = -F_1$$

$$A_y = -\frac{4}{7}F_1 = -408N$$

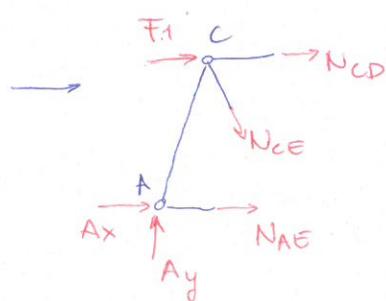
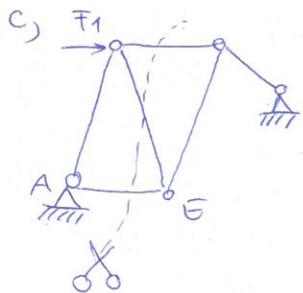
$$By = +404N$$

$$Ax = -40 \cdot \frac{3}{4} = -30 \text{ kN}$$

$$Bx = -Ax - F_1 = -(-30) - 70 = -40 \text{ kN}$$

$$\underline{F_A} = \begin{bmatrix} -30 \\ -40 \end{bmatrix} \text{ kN}$$

$$\underline{F_B} = \begin{bmatrix} -40 \\ +40 \end{bmatrix} \text{ kN}$$



Nem A panta rúgja a  $\sum M_z = 0$  egyenletet, mert ezen a panta nem megy NAE. Írjuk fel C-re!

$$\sum M_{z(C)} = 0$$

$$Ax \cdot 8 + N_{AE} \cdot 8 - Ay \cdot 2 = 0$$

$$\underline{N_{AE}} = -Ax + \frac{1}{4} Ay$$