

Száraz súrlódás és nem-folytonos dinamikai rendszerek

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8. Kiterjesztett Filippov-rendszerek

Az előadás-sorozat elkészülését az MTA/ELKH támogatta a Prémium Posztdoktori Kutatói Programban támogatott PPD2018-014/2018 számú pályázat keretében. Készült 2021-ben.

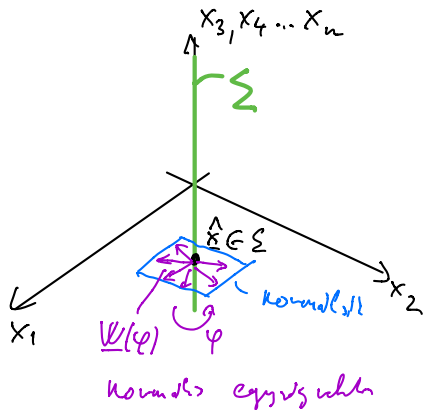
$$\dot{\underline{x}} = \underline{F}(x) \quad (1)$$

$$\underline{x} = \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ \vdots \\ x_n \end{bmatrix}$$

$\underline{x} \in \mathbb{R}^n / \Sigma$
 \uparrow
 manifold keluar

altalalm: Σ : $n-2$ dimensiões differensiallakó sórsály

most: Σ : $n-2$ dimensiões altern
 \searrow
 2 kodimensiões $\rightarrow x_1 = x_2 = 0$



$$\underline{U}(\varphi) = \begin{bmatrix} \cos \varphi \\ \sin \varphi \\ 0 \\ \vdots \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\varphi \in [0, 2\pi)$$

∞ sok normál
 egyenes van

\underline{F} irány menti határérték

$$\underline{F}^*(\underline{x}, \varphi) = \lim_{\varepsilon \rightarrow 0} \underline{F}(\underline{x} + \varepsilon \cdot \underline{U}(\varphi)) \quad (2)$$

Def: (Eitengentell Fil. rechte)

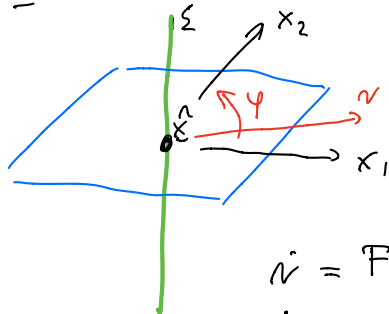
(1) rechner \vec{n} , h_n

• $\underline{F}(x)$ sind \mathbb{R}^n / Σ

• (2) hat. jeder Wert? $\forall \underline{x} \in \Sigma$ es $\forall \varphi \in [0, 2\pi)$

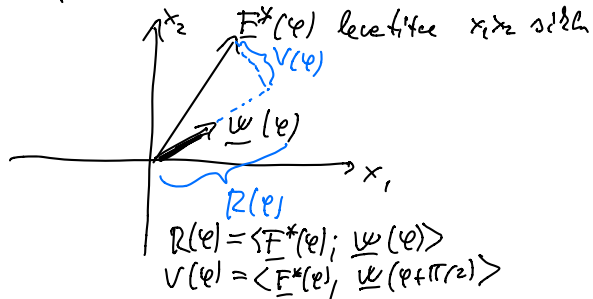
• hinum $\underline{x} \in \Sigma \rightarrow$ Wert? $\varphi_1, \varphi_2 \in [0, 2\pi) \rightarrow \underline{F}^*(\underline{x}_1, \varphi_1) \neq \underline{F}^*(\underline{x}_1, \varphi_2)$

\underline{F}^* normalisierbar es' komponenten sei polar koordinat'ell



$$\begin{cases} x_1 = r \cdot \cos \varphi \\ x_2 = r \cdot \sin \varphi \\ r = \sqrt{x_1^2 + x_2^2} \geq 0 \\ \varphi = \arctan_2(x_2, x_1) \end{cases}$$

$$\dot{x}_1 = F_1^*(\underline{x}_1, \varphi), \quad \dot{x}_2 = F_2^*(\underline{x}_1, \varphi) \rightarrow \text{anisotropie durch } \underline{x}\text{-ad}$$



$$\vec{n} = F_{1(\varphi)}^* \cos \varphi + F_{2(\varphi)}^* \sin \varphi =: R(\varphi)$$

$$r \dot{\varphi} = -F_{1(\varphi)}^* \sin \varphi + F_{2(\varphi)}^* \cos \varphi =: V(\varphi)$$

asimptotikus dinamikán

$$\dot{v} = R(\varphi) \quad \dot{\varphi} = \frac{1}{v} V(\varphi)$$

$\odot \rightarrow r=0$ maradós

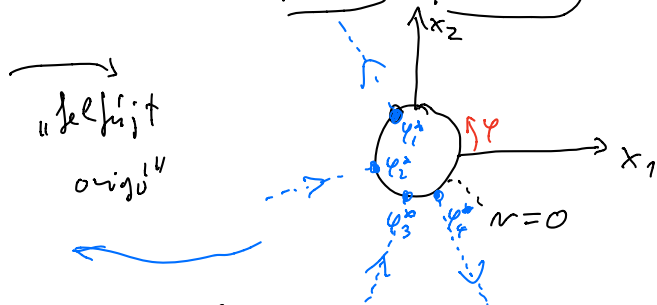
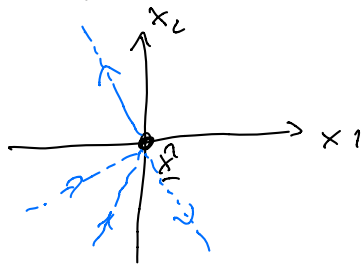
↳ új időskála:

$$\square = \frac{d}{dt} = \frac{1}{v} \cdot \frac{d}{d\varphi} = \frac{1}{v} \Pi'$$

↓

$$\boxed{\begin{matrix} \dot{r} = r R(\varphi) & \dot{\varphi} = V(\varphi) \end{matrix}} \rightarrow \text{folymó diff. egyr}$$

↳ egyensúlyi helyzet: $\dot{r}=0 \quad \dot{\varphi}=0 \rightarrow \boxed{r=0} \quad \boxed{V(\varphi)=0} \rightarrow \varphi_1^* \varphi_2^* \dots \varphi_k^*$



↓ spec. megoldás
 $\varphi(\vartheta) \equiv \varphi^*$
 $v(\vartheta) = v_0 e^{R(\varphi^*)\vartheta}$

Def: Katalan-írvég: $\varphi^* \in [0, 2\pi) \rightarrow \underline{\underline{V(\varphi^*) = 0}}$

$$\boxed{\begin{matrix} \varphi(t) \equiv \varphi^* \\ v(t) = v_0 + R(\varphi^*)t \end{matrix}}$$

Def: φ^* krit. i.m. (radikalisan) konst, ku $R(\varphi^*) < 0$
 konst, ku $R(\varphi^*) > 0$

Def: φ^* krit. i.m. besideti i.m. konst, ku $\frac{dV}{d\varphi}(\varphi^*) < 0$
 konst, ku $\frac{dV}{d\varphi}(\varphi^*) > 0$

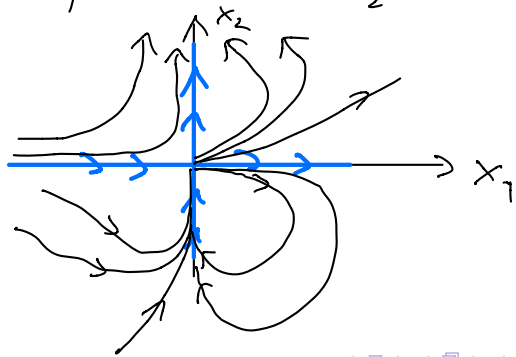
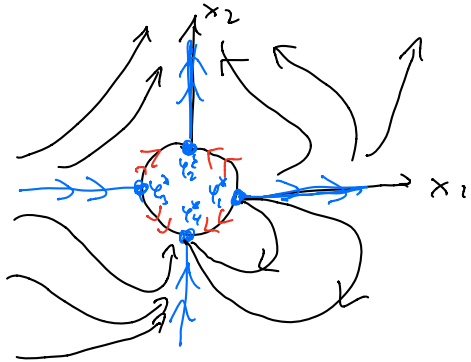
Polda:

$$\dot{x}_1 = w_1 (w_1 + w_2 - w_2^2)$$

$$\dot{x}_2 = w_2 (w_1 + w_2 + w_1^2)$$

$$w_1 = \frac{x_1}{\sqrt{x_1^2 + x_2^2}} \quad w_2 = \frac{x_2}{\sqrt{x_1^2 + x_2^2}}$$

\hookrightarrow 4 dt. katar - i.m.: $\varphi_1^* = 0, \varphi_2^* = \frac{\pi}{2}, \varphi_3^* = \pi, \varphi_4^* = \frac{3\pi}{2}$



Def: φ^* \rightarrow dominant, he $R(\varphi^*) \cdot \frac{dV}{d\varphi}(\varphi^*) > 0$
 \rightarrow isolated, he $R(\varphi^*) \cdot \frac{dV}{d\varphi}(\varphi^*) < 0$

Neuere a wilddassant:

- heter-izy \rightarrow izy, wenn a wilddassant \leftrightarrow topolater alternier letzejins
- (radialen) word / fardl: wilddassant \rightarrow topolater v. topolater \rightarrow wilddassant
- dominant / isolated: tipik / specialis wilddassant

topolater / alternier fardl

- \sum a topolater fardl
- \sum a alternier fardl

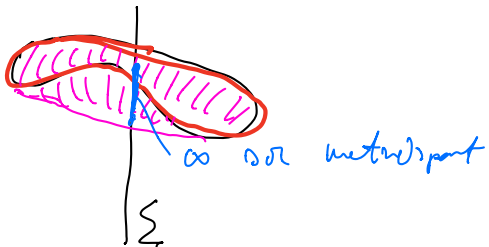
(topolater / alternier fardl $\exists \varphi^*$ heter-izy)
 $\varphi_1^* \dots \varphi_n^*$ word radialen word v. fardl
 $\varphi_1^* \dots \varphi_n^*$ word v. fardl a word

lapadasi dinamika → altalshu van egyenletu!



$F^*(\psi)$

house koordinati egy
testet ad →
∞ sok metszéspont Σ -vel



∞ sok metszéspont

Σ

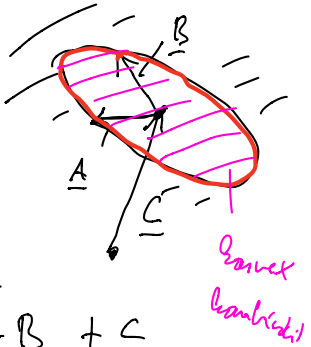
nyel. ontas

$$\dot{\underline{x}} = \underline{F}(\underline{x}) = \underline{A}(\underline{x}) \cdot \frac{x_1}{\sqrt{x_1^2 + x_2^2}} + \underline{B}(\underline{x}) \cdot \frac{x_2}{\sqrt{x_1^2 + x_2^2}} + \underline{C}(\underline{x})$$



$F^*(\psi)$
ellipsus

x_1 x_2



konvek
koordinati

$$\left. \begin{aligned} \underline{F}^0(\underline{x}) &= a \cdot \underline{A} + b \cdot \underline{B} + \underline{C} \\ \langle \underline{F}^0(\underline{x}) ; \underline{u}(0) \rangle &= 0 \\ \langle \underline{F}^0(\underline{x}) ; \underline{u}(\pi/2) \rangle &= 0 \end{aligned} \right\}$$